Canadian Association of Professional Conservators (CAPC) sets the standard for the profession in Canada. As circumstances and legislation change, the committee intends to make revisions to the code.

Clearly written in both official languages, with necessary terms defined in a glossary, this pamphlet will be a useful reference not for conservators alone, but for all who are involved in the conservation and management of historic and artistic objects.

Copies may be obtained from: IIC-CG, Box 9195, Ottawa, Canada K1G 3T9 or, CAPC, Suite 202, 280 Metcalfe Street, Ottawa, Canada K2P 1R7.

Ellen Desmarais  
National Archives of Canada


*From Warehouse to Powerhouse* is the Ontario Council of Archives’ planning document for the future of Ontario’s archives. This report may be considered as the logical extension of the *Needs Survey* conducted by the Ontario Association of Archivists and published in 1988. Based on the results of that survey, and on other contemporary reports and sources, the present document analyzes the archival infrastructure of Ontario. It offers an extensive list of recommendations, which are supported by detailed discussion, a limited bibliography, and a helpful descriptive list of the participants in Ontario’s archival system.

Of the two discussion sections in this report, “Ontario’s Archives — A Profile” and “An Archival Development Strategy,” the latter offers the most concrete and useful discussion upon which general recommendations may be based. The former, aside from covering subjects of operational interest, contains an implicit explanation of the basic reasons for having and supporting archives. This discussion may prove to be valuable in winning support for the development of Ontario’s archival system.

Loretta Barber  
National Archives of Canada


*The Central Okanagan Records Survey* identifies for scholars and the general public the records of a significant part of the southern interior of British Columbia, the Central Okanagan. The survey covers archival material regardless of media held by public repositories as well as, to a lesser extent, records in the possession of private agencies and the general public. This research tool was created in both automated and hard copy format. One of the advantages of this computer-based inventory is that it makes possible periodic updates as additional archival material becomes known. The descriptions contained in the guide are also formatted in such a way as to permit